

세미나 초록

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발표 주제	Lesson from the study of human T cells: circulating IL-7Rα^{low} memory CD8$^{+}$Tcells
발표 내용	<p>Human effector memory (EM) CD8$^{+}$T-cell subset expressing lower levels of the interleukin-7 receptor alpha (IL-7Rα^{low}) are defective in proliferation <i>in vitro</i>, but the identity and function of these subsets have remained unclear. Here, we demonstrate that IL-7Rα^{low} EM CD8$^{+}$T cells from healthy individuals are distinct from the exhausted cells and are a naturally occurring anergy-like cells <i>in vivo</i>, impaired in proliferation and IL-2 production, but competent in IFN-γ and TNF-α production, a state that can be restored by IL-2 stimulation. In particular, IL-7Rα^{low} EM CD8$^{+}$T cells show decreased expression of GATA3 and c-MYC and are defective in metabolic reprogramming towards aerobic glycolysis. However, IL-7Rα^{low} EM CD8$^{+}$T cells can proliferate with TCR stimulation in the presence of IL-2 and IL-15, suggesting that these cells can be restored to normality by inflammatory cytokines and may be a reservoir capable of operating under appropriate conditions to provide protective immunity.</p> <p>Key words</p> <p>interleukin-7 receptor alpha, IL-7Rα^{low} CD8$^{+}$T cells, anergy, aerobic glycolysis, gata3</p>